

Mathematical neuroscience

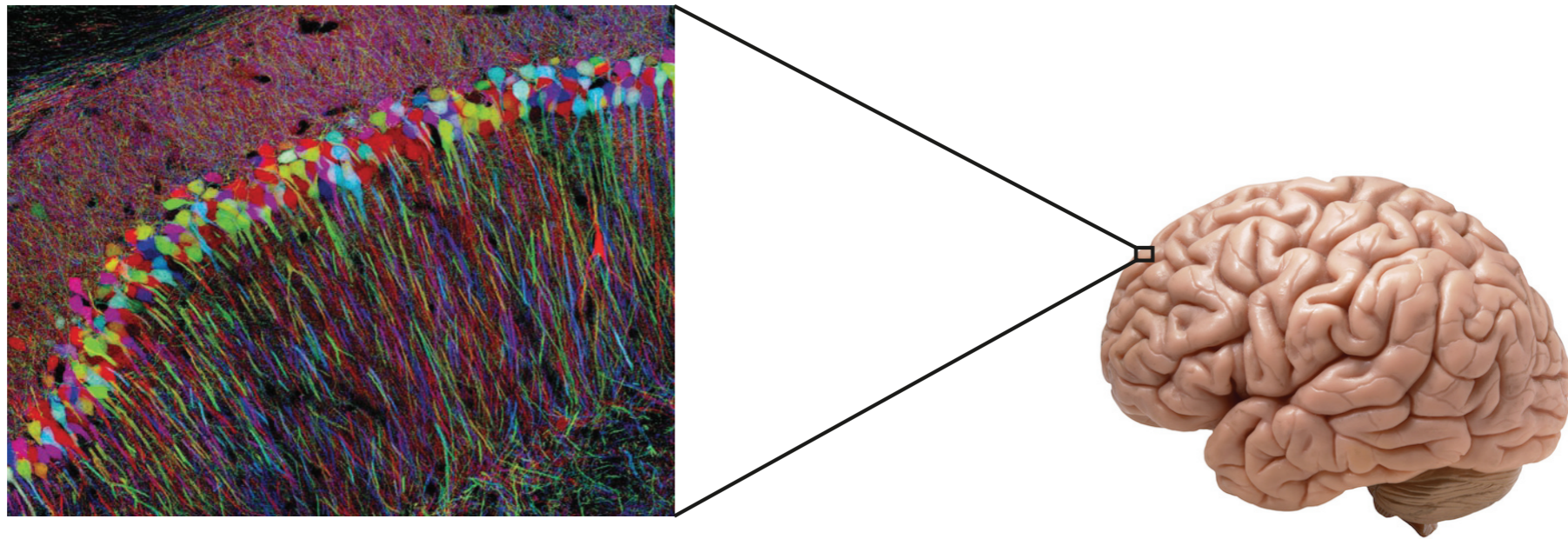
M394C

Topics in neural dynamics, information theory, and
machine learning

Mathematical theory

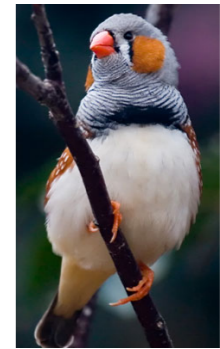
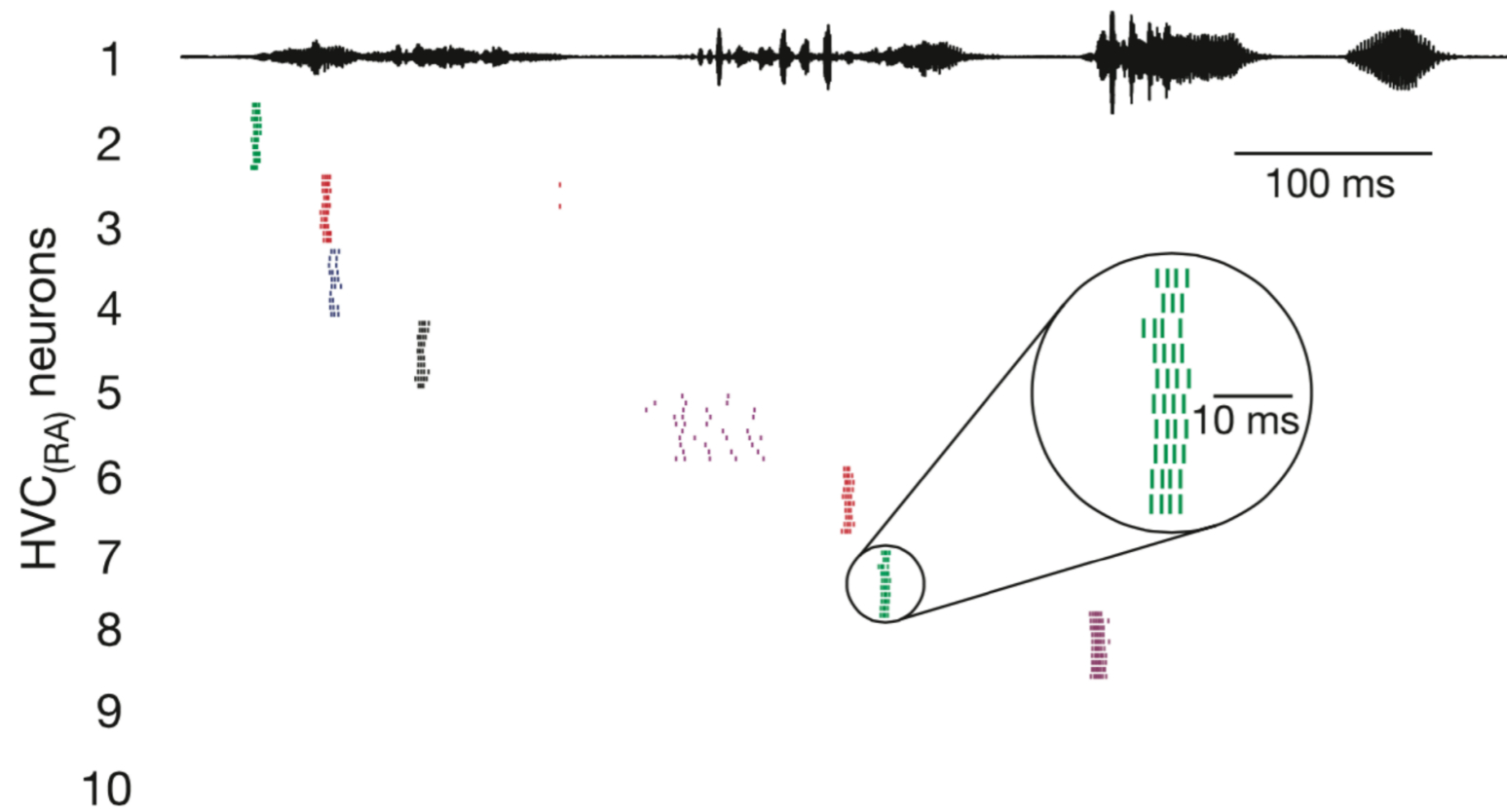


Network complexity

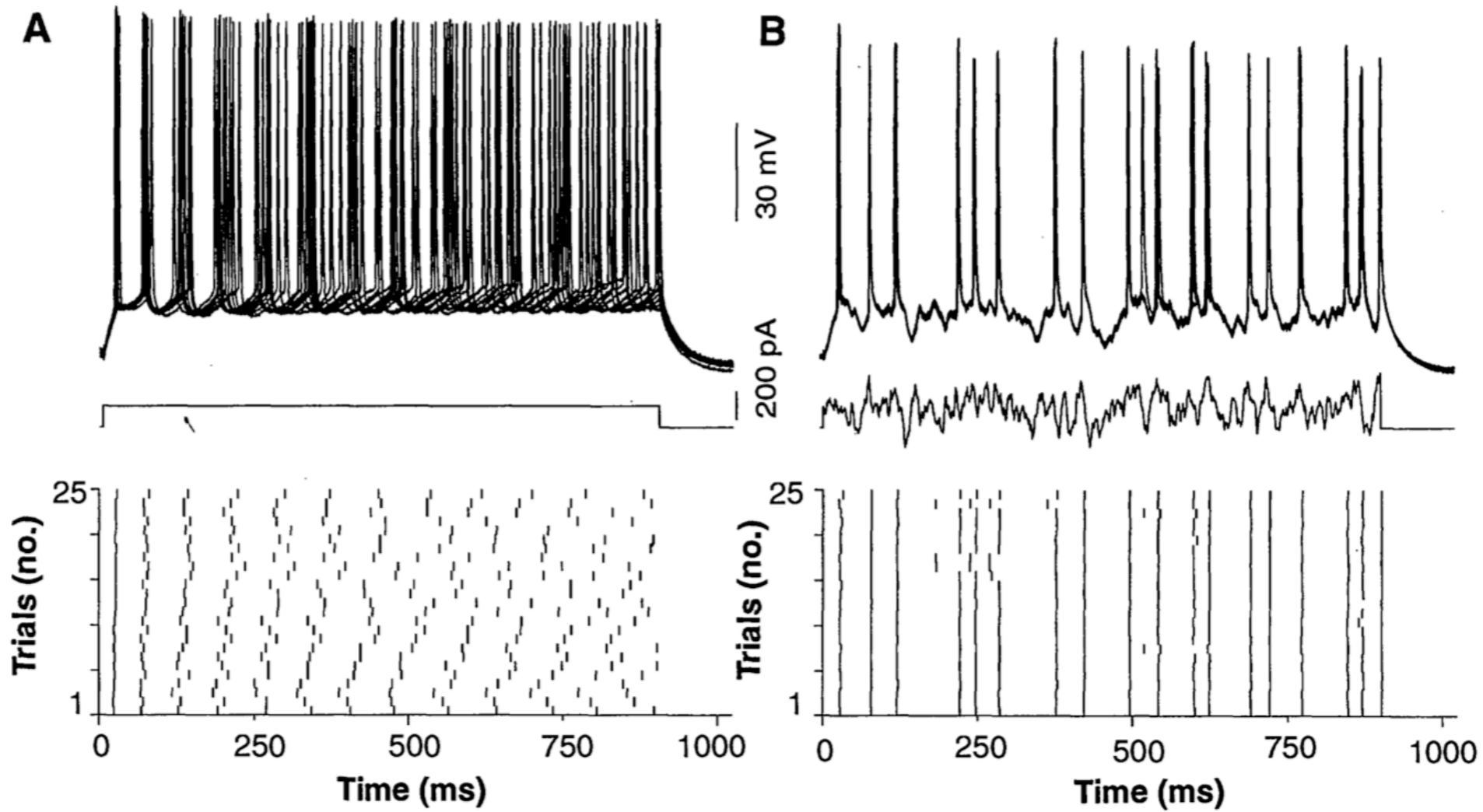


100 billion neurons
100 trillion synapses

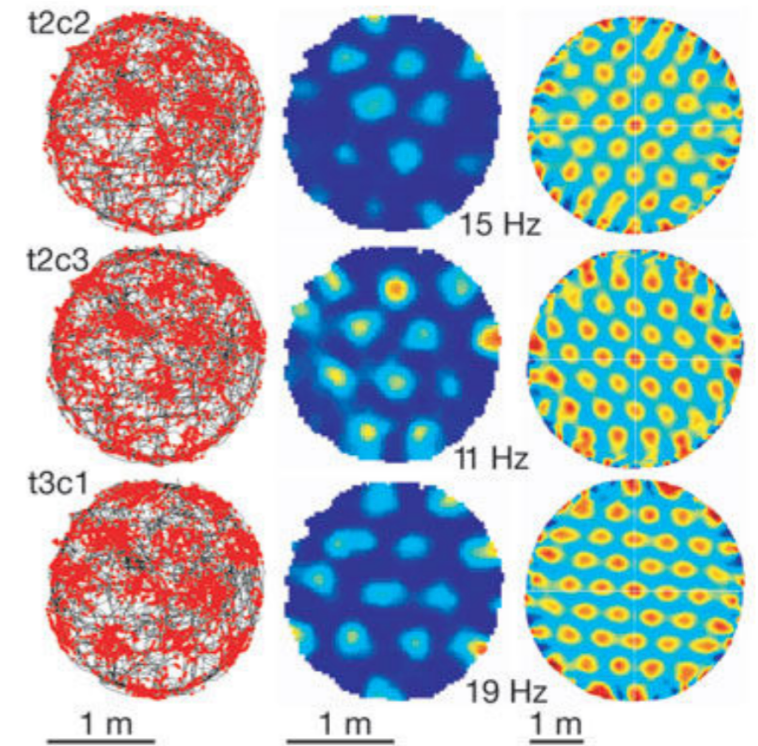
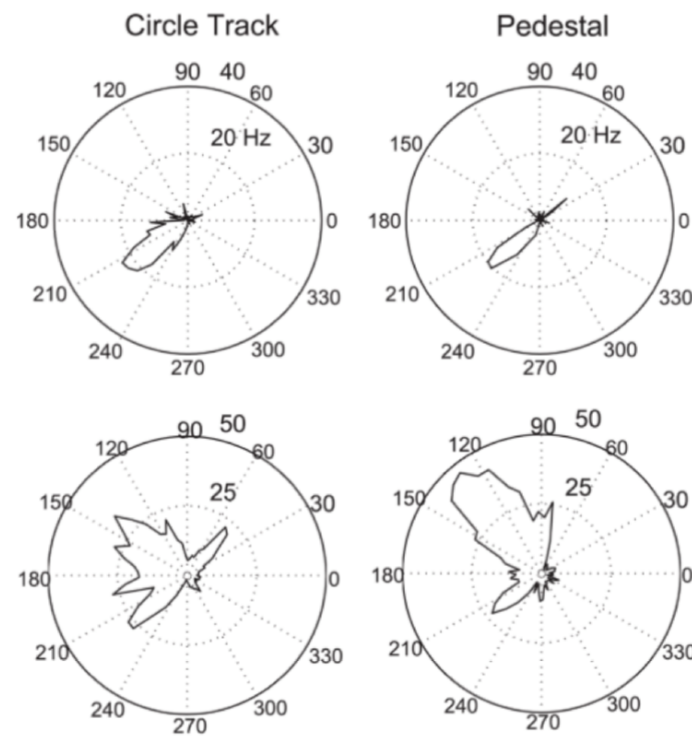
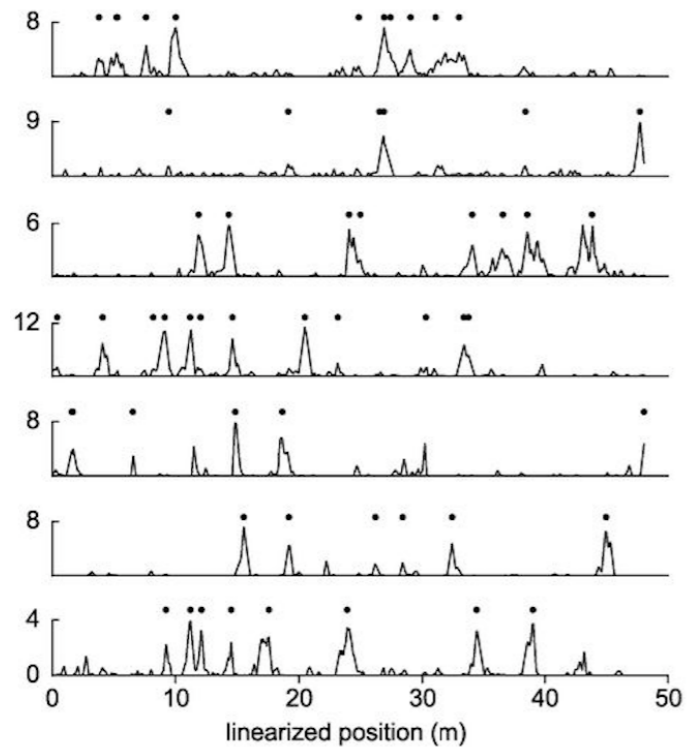
Coding ambiguity



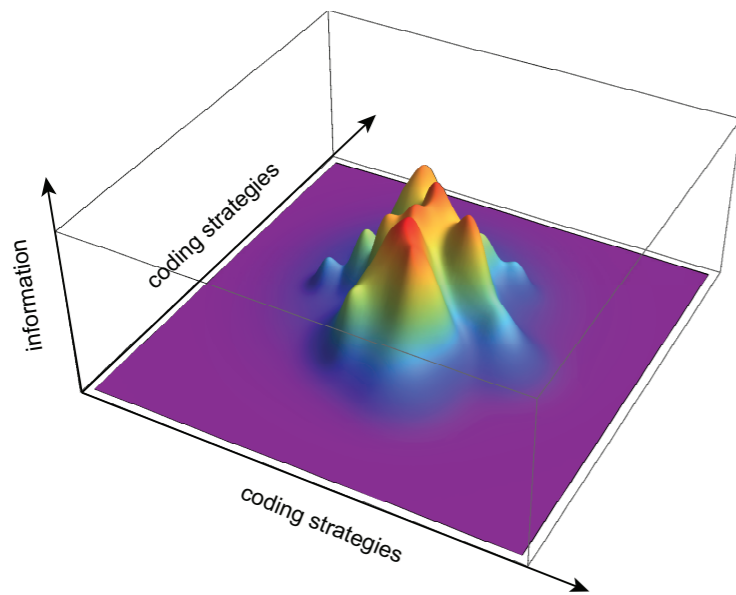
Noise



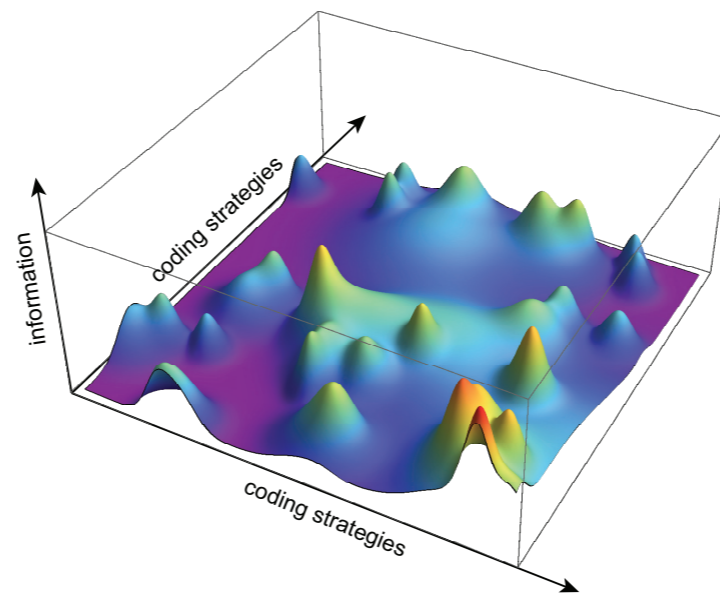
Heterogeneity



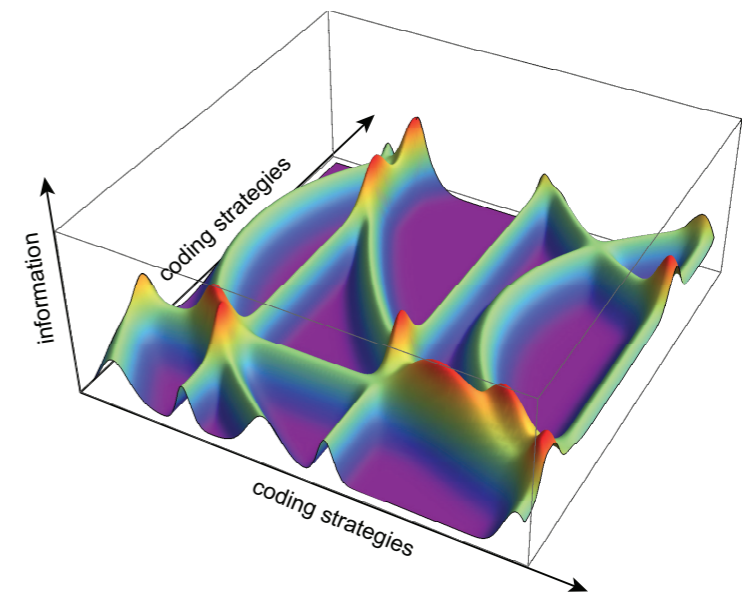
Sloppiness



Tractable landscape



Highly non-convex landscape



Sloppy landscape

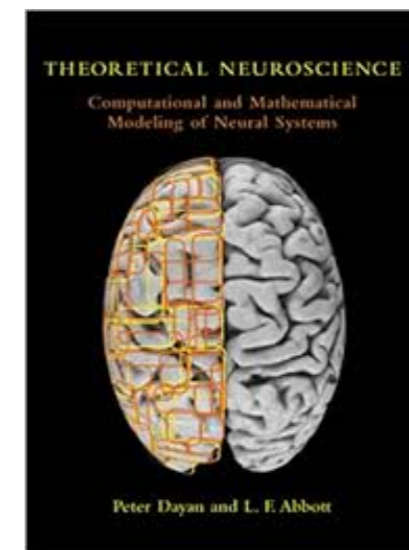
Course content

■ **Neural dynamics**

■ **Information theory**

■ **Machine learning**

Background in neuroscience



Theoretical Neuroscience
P. Dayan and L. Abbott

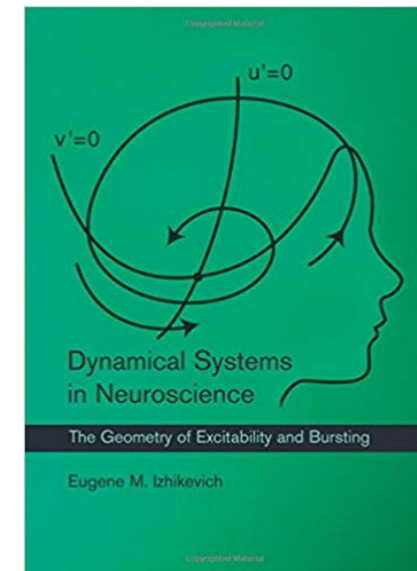
Neural dynamics

Biophysical modeling via dynamical systems

■ Hodgkin-Huxley model

■ Reduced dynamical systems

■ Spiking in excitable systems



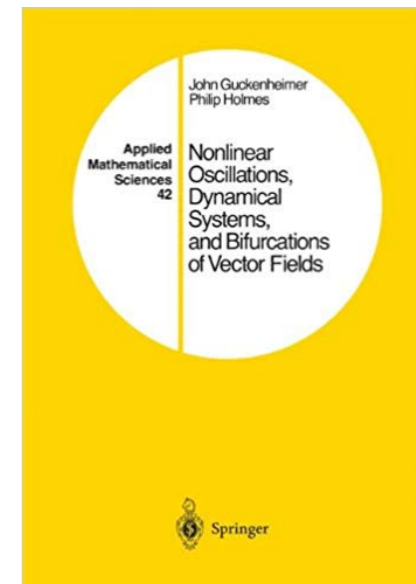
**Dynamical Systems
in Neuroscience
E. Izhikevich**

Bifurcation theory in single neurons

■ **Center manifold reduction**

■ **Normal form theory**

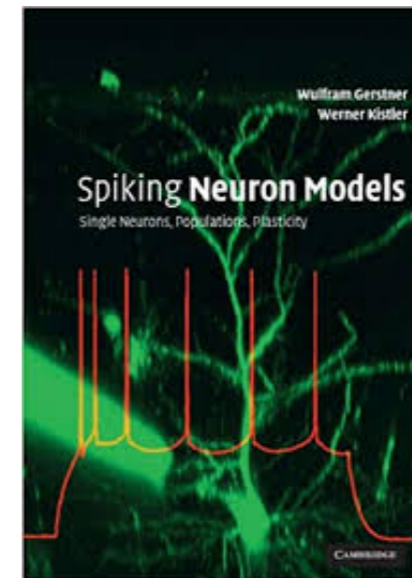
■ **Two-dimensional bifurcations**



**Nonlinear oscillations,
dynamical systems and
bifurcation of vector fields
J. Guckenheimer and P. Holmes**

Stochastic modeling of neural variability

- Intensity-based models
- Integrate-and-fire models
- Simulation and inference methods



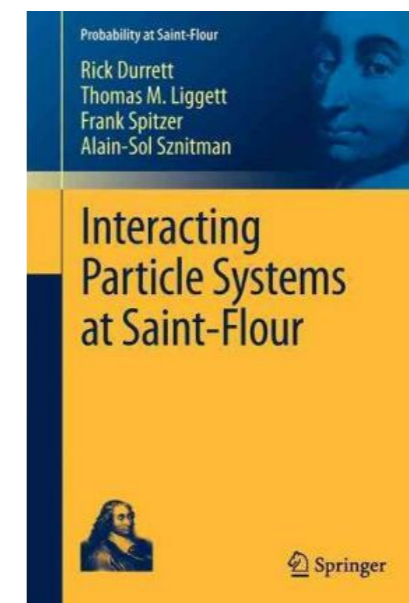
**Spiking neuron models
W. Gerstner and W. Kistler**

Simplifying mean-field limits for neural networks

■ **Networks in the
thermodynamic limit**

■ **Propagation of chaos**

■ **Replica mean-field limit**



**Topics in
Propagation of chaos
A. Sznitman**

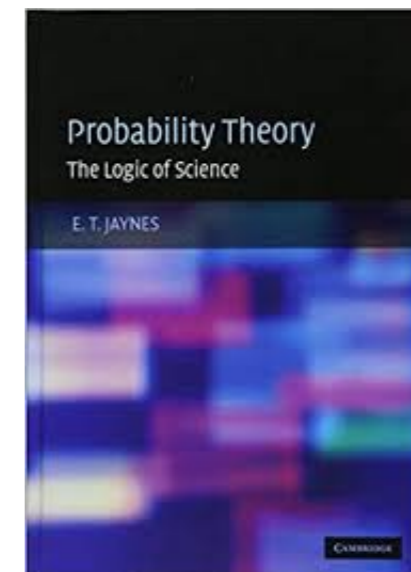
Information theory

Statistical inference

■ **Maximum entropy methods**

■ **Exponential family of distributions**

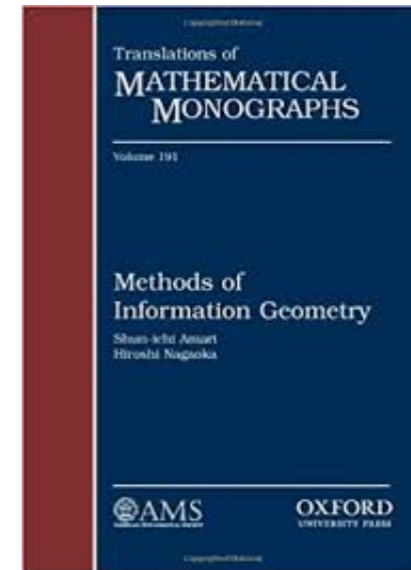
■ **Application to inference in neuroscience**



**Probability theory
E. Jaynes**

Information geometry

- Probabilistic models as manifolds
- Fisher metric and information divergence
- Dual structure of information geometry



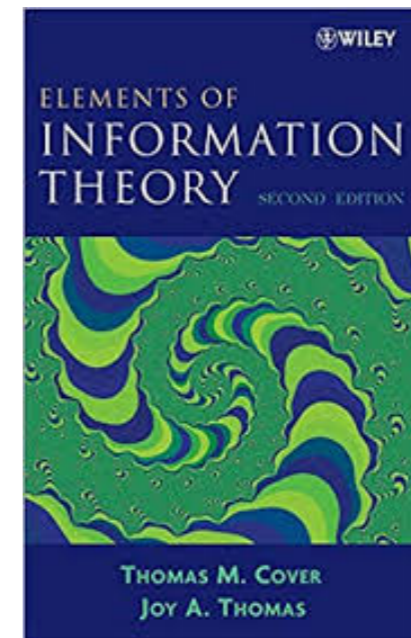
Methods of
information geometry
S. Amari

Basics of information theory

■ **Mutual information**

■ **Information capacity**

■ **Rate-distortion theory**



**Elements of
Information theory
T. Cover and J. Thomas**

Efficient coding hypothesis

- **Optimization under constraints of relevance: information bottleneck**
- **Variational optimization of the Fisher information**

Machine learning

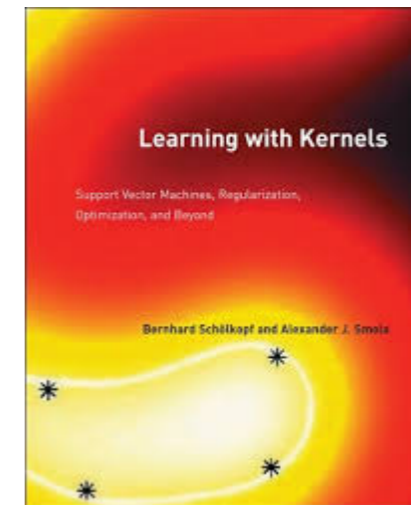
Basics of machine learning

- **Linear separability and complexity**
- **Learning via perceptron algorithm**
- **Linear separability and neural code**

Support-vector machines

■ **Nonlinear separability**

■ **Reproducing-kernel Hilbert space**



Learning with kernels
B. Schölkopf and A. Smola

Reinforcement learning

■ **Markov decision process**

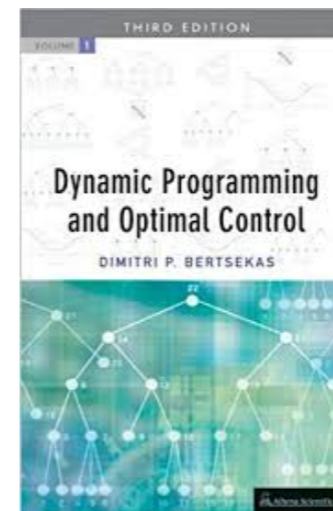
■ **Dynamic programming**

■ **Q-learning algorithm**



**Reinforcement
learning**

**R. Sutton
and A. Barto**



**Dynamic
programming
and optimal control**

D. Bertsekas

Unsupervised learning methods

- **Autoencoder networks**

- **Generative adversarial networks**